Instructions: This exam should be taken by students trying to decide between Math 15a or 20a, on the one hand, and Math 22a on the other. (For descriptions of these courses, see the Bulletin.) When you are done taking the exam, enter your answers into the answer sheet, which may be found at http://my.brandeis.edu/survsimp/one?survey_id=6089. You will need to login using your UNet id/password, which you should have already obtained. The exams will be graded by the mathematics department, and you will receive an email with our recommended placement. If you qualify for Math 22a, you will be given a “signature code” which you will need to register for the course.

Most of the problems are multiple choice; for these you can just enter the correct letter choice for your answer. For the other problems, simply type in your answer. The answer sheet also asks for some additional information about your background in mathematics that will be helpful in determining your placement.

1. If $|x| \geq 3$ and $|y| \leq 1$, which of the following is necessarily true?
   (a) $x - y \geq 2$
   (b) $|x + y| \leq 3$
   (c) $|x + 2y| \geq 1$
   (d) None of the above.

2. The unit sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ intersects the plane $2x + y - z = 0$ in 3-space in how many points?
   (a) No points.
   (b) Exactly 1 point.
   (c) Exactly 2 points.
   (d) More than 2 points.

3. Consider the line $L$ in 3-space given by equations
   \[
   \frac{x - 1}{3} = \frac{y + 2}{2} = z - 1.
   \]
   Find the equation of a plane $P$ through the origin, in the form $ax + by + cz = 0$, with the property that $L$ and $P$ do not intersect.

4. If $0 \leq x \leq \pi$, $0 \leq y \leq \pi$, and $x < y$, which of the following is necessarily true?
   (a) $\sin(x) < \sin(y)$
   (b) $\cos(x) < \cos(y)$
   (c) $\sin(\frac{x}{2}) < \sin(\frac{y}{2})$
   (d) $\sin(2x) < \sin(2y)$
   (e) None of the above.

5. Let $A$ and $B$ be subsets of the real numbers $\mathbb{R}$. For any subset $X$ of the real numbers, let $X^c$ denote its complement (ie all real numbers not in $X$). The symbols $\cup$ and $\cap$ represent union and intersection, respectively. Which of the following sets is the same as $(A \cap B^c)^c$.
   (a) $A^c \cup B$.
   (b) $A^c \cap B$.
   (c) $A \cup B^c$.
   (d) None of the above.
6. Which of the following statements is logically equivalent to the statement:

_Every polynomial function is differentiable._

(a) Every differentiable function is a polynomial.
(b) If a function is not differentiable, then it is not a polynomial.
(c) If a function is not a polynomial, then it is not differentiable.
(d) All of (a), (b), and (c).
(e) None of (a), (b), or (c).

7. Suppose $S$ is a set of whole numbers with the property that every even number in $S$ is divisible by 5. Which of the following must be true? List all correct answers.

(a) 2 is not in $S$.
(b) 5 is not in $S$.
(c) $S$ contains all multiples of 10.
(d) Every even number in $S$ is divisible by 10.
(e) $S$ contains no odd numbers.

8. Suppose that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$ and $y(0) = 0$. Then $y(x) =$

(a) $x + \frac{x^3}{3}$
(b) $(1 + x^2)^{-1}$
(c) $\tan^{-1}(x)$
(d) $\tan(x)$

9. $\int x f'(x) \, dx =$

(a) $xf(x) - f(x) + C$
(b) $x \int f'(x) \, dx + x + C$
(c) $f'(x) + xf''(x) + C$
(d) $xf(x) - \int f(x) \, dx + C$

10. Find two numbers $a$ and $b$ such that the function $f(x) = ae^x + be^{-x}$ satisfies $f(0) = 5$ and $f'(0) = -1$. 